

PHYS 414: 4-6-20

$$-T(t) \dot{S}^i = \dot{\bar{E}} - T(t) \dot{S} + \sum_{\nu} f_{\nu}(t) \dot{x}_{\nu}$$

↓
 $P(t) \dot{V}$

$$T(t) \dot{S} - T(t) \dot{S}^i = \dot{\bar{E}} + P(t) \dot{V}$$

$$T dS \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{~~~~~} \\ \downarrow \end{array} \quad = \quad dU + P dV$$

≈ 0 if we are changing slowly (quasistatic, reversible) near equilibrium

ensemble picture of stat. mech. \rightsquigarrow Schröd. picture

prob. $p_n(t) =$ frac. of our ensemble in state n at time t

$$\bar{E} = \sum_n E_n p_n(t)$$

$$\dot{\bar{E}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{nm} J_{nm} (E_n - E_m)$$

$$\dot{S}^i = \text{~~~~~}$$

trajectory picture of stat. mech

\rightsquigarrow Feynman path integ. picture

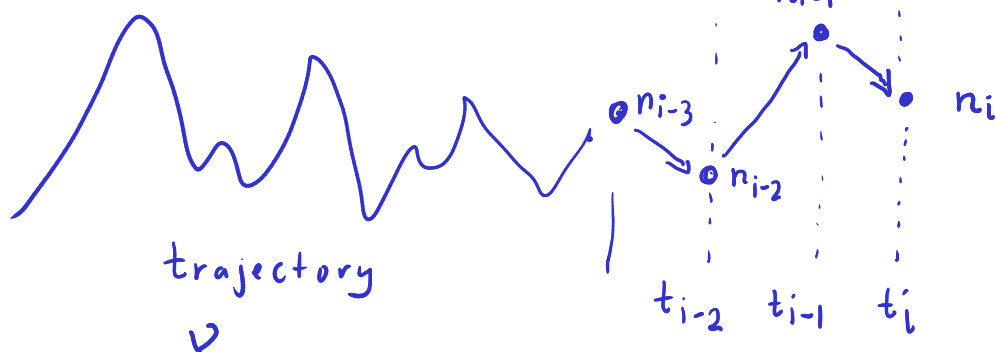
to make math easier we will return to discrete time formulation

$$t_i = t_0 + i \delta t$$

$$P_n(t_i) = \sum_m W_{nm} P_m(t_{i-1}) \delta t$$

$$P_{n_i} = \sum_{n_{i-1}=1}^N W_{n_i n_{i-1}} P_{n_{i-1}} \delta t \quad (1)$$

prob. of finding state n_i at time t_i



$$= (n_0, n_1, \dots, n_i)$$

prob. of seq. (n_0, \dots, n_i)

$$P_{n_i} = \sum_{n_{i-1}} \sum_{n_{i-2}} \dots \sum_{n_0} W_{n_i n_{i-1}} W_{n_{i-1} n_{i-2}} \dots W_{n_1 n_0} P_{n_0} \cdot [\delta t]^i$$

sum over all (n_0, \dots, n_{i-1})

$$\bar{E}(t_\tau) = \sum_{n_\tau} P_{n_\tau} E_{n_\tau}$$

$\equiv \mathcal{P}(v)$ prob. of traj. $v = (n_0, \dots, n_\tau)$

$$t = t_\tau = \sum_{n_\tau} \sum_{n_{\tau-1}} \dots \sum_{n_0} W_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} \dots W_{n_1 n_0} P_{n_0} [\delta t]^\tau E_{n_\tau}$$

$\equiv \sum_v$ sum over all poss. traj. b/t $t_0 + t_\tau$

$E(v, t)$ energy of traj. v at time t

$$\Rightarrow \bar{E}(t) = \sum_v \mathcal{P}(v) E(v, t)$$

$$\sum_v \mathcal{P}(v) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\dot{\bar{E}}(t) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n_T, n_{T-1}} J_{n_T, n_{T-1}} (E_{n_T} - E_{n_{T-1}}) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n_T, n_{T-1}} (W_{n_T n_{T-1}} P_{n_{T-1}} - W_{n_{T-1} n_T} P_{n_T}) (E_{n_T} - E_{n_{T-1}}) \\
&= \sum_{n_T, n_{T-1}} W_{n_T n_{T-1}} \underbrace{P_{n_{T-1}}}_{\substack{\text{expand thru} \\ \text{iter. of Eq. (1)}}} (E_{n_T} - E_{n_{T-1}}) \\
&\equiv \sum_{\nu} \mathcal{P}(\nu) \dot{E}(\nu, t)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{E}(\nu, t) \equiv \frac{E_{n_T} - E_{n_{T-1}}}{\delta t} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{"deriv."} \\ \text{of } E \text{ in} \\ \text{the } \nu \text{ traj.} \end{array}$$

check consistency:

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta \bar{E} &= \bar{E}(t) - E(0) && \text{change in energy} \\
&= \int_0^t \dot{\bar{E}}(t) dt && \text{from beg. to end of} \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^T \delta t \sum_{\nu} \mathcal{P}(\nu) \dot{E}(\nu, t_i) && \text{traj.} \\
&= \sum_{\nu} \mathcal{P}(\nu) \sum_{i=1}^T \delta t \frac{(E_{n_T} - E_{n_{T-1}})}{\delta t} && E_5 - E_4 + E_4 - E_3 \\
&= \sum_{\nu} \mathcal{P}(\nu) [E_{n_T} - E_{n_0}] \rightsquigarrow && + \dots + E_2 - E_1 \\
&\quad \begin{array}{cc} \downarrow & \downarrow \\ E(\nu, t) & E(\nu, 0) \end{array} && \text{in brackets is} \\
&= \bar{E}(t) - \bar{E}(0) && \text{the energy} \\
& && \text{change of} \\
& && \text{traj. } \nu \\
& && = E(\nu, t) - E(\nu, 0)
\end{aligned}$$

Use this notion to construct traj-specific versions of any thermodyn. quantity

$$\dot{S}^i(t) = \frac{k_B}{2} \sum_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} J_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} \ln \frac{W_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} P_{n_{\tau-1}}}{W_{n_{\tau-1} n_\tau} P_{n_\tau}}$$

$$= \dots = \sum_{\nu} \mathcal{P}(\nu) \dot{S}^i(\nu, t)$$

$$\dot{S}^i(\nu, t) = \frac{k_B}{\delta t} \ln \frac{W_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} P_{n_{\tau-1}}}{W_{n_{\tau-1} n_\tau} P_{n_\tau}}$$

instantaneous
entropy prod. assoc. w/ traj. ν
rate

$$\Delta S^i(\nu) = \int_0^t dt \dot{S}^i(\nu, t)$$

int. entropy
produced over
whole traj. ν

$$= \sum_{i=1}^T \delta t \left[\frac{k_B}{\delta t} \ln \frac{W_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} P_{n_{\tau-1}}}{W_{n_{\tau-1} n_\tau} P_{n_\tau}} \right]$$

$$= k_B \ln \left[\frac{W_{n_\tau n_{\tau-1}} P_{n_{\tau-1}} \dots W_{n_2 n_1} P_{n_1} W_{n_1 n_0} P_{n_0}}{W_{n_0 n_1} P_{n_1} W_{n_1 n_2} P_{n_2} \dots W_{n_{\tau-1} n_\tau} P_{n_\tau}} \right]$$

all prob. cancel in num / den
except $P_{n_0} + P_{n_\tau}$

$$\Delta S^i(\nu) = k_B \ln \frac{\mathcal{P}(\nu)}{\mathcal{P}(\tilde{\nu})}$$

where $\tilde{\nu} \equiv$ traj. w/
reverse
order of
states from

$$= (\tilde{n}_0, \tilde{n}_1, \dots, \tilde{n}_\tau)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{n}_0 &= n_\tau \\ \tilde{n}_1 &= n_{\tau-1} \\ &\vdots \\ \tilde{n}_\tau &= n_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$S = -k_B \sum_n p_n \ln p_n$$

$$\dot{S} = \dot{S}^e + \dot{S}^i$$

\downarrow \downarrow

$\frac{\dot{Q}}{T}$ ≥ 0