

PHYS 414: 3-23-20

Last lecture:

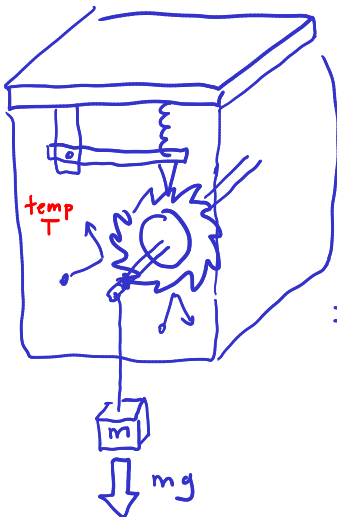
$$\dot{S}(t) = \underbrace{\dot{S}^i(t)}_{\substack{\text{rate of} \\ \text{change} \\ \text{of sys} \\ \text{entropy}}} + \underbrace{\dot{S}^e(t)}_{\substack{\text{entropy} \\ \text{flow}}} \quad \begin{matrix} > 0 \text{ or} \\ < 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{k_B}{2} \sum_{nm} J_{nm} \ln \frac{W_{nm} p_m}{W_{mn} p_n} \quad - \frac{k_B}{2} \sum_{nm} J_{nm} \ln \frac{W_{nm}}{W_{mn}}$$

≥ 0

internal entropy prod. entropy flow

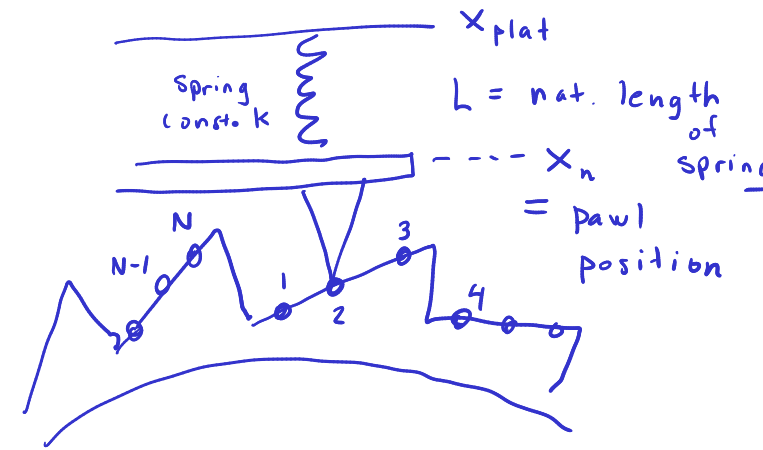
Special case: when $\frac{W_{nm}}{W_{mn}} = e^{-\beta(E_n - E_m)} \Rightarrow \dot{S}^e(t) = \frac{\dot{E}(t)}{T}$



sys = pawl + ratchet

nth state

$$E_n = \frac{1}{2} k (x_{\text{plat}} - x_n - L)^2$$



sys (pawl + ratchet) coupled to external deg. of freedom (\Rightarrow "work")

state $n \rightarrow n+1$ (CCW rot.)
mass is raised by Δh
 $n \rightarrow n-1$ (CW rot.)
mass is lowered by Δh

$$\frac{W_{n+1,n}}{W_{n,n+1}} = e^{-\beta(E_{n+1} - E_n + mg \Delta h)}$$

pot. difference due to ext. coupling

in general:

$$\frac{W_{nm}(t)}{W_{mn}(t)} = e^{-\beta(E_n - E_m + V_{nm}(t))}$$

energy change in ext. deg. of freedom during $m \rightarrow n$ trans.

plug into $\dot{S}^e(t)$ equ:

$$\dot{S}^e = -\frac{k_B}{2} \sum_{n,m} J_{nm} \ln \frac{W_{nm}(t)}{W_{mn}(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\dot{E}}{T} + \frac{1}{T} \underbrace{\sum_{n,m} \frac{1}{2} J_{nm} V_{nm}}_{\dot{W}}$$

definition of rate of work

\dot{W} = rate at which sys does "work" on ext. deg. of freedom

$$\dot{E} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} J_{nm} (E_n - E_m)$$

rate of change of mean "internal" (sys) energy

note: often we can write

$V_{nm} = V_n - V_m$ diff in pot. energies associated w/ states n + m
 where $V_{nm} = -V_{mn}$

but we don't need this assumption right now (keep things general)

$$\dot{S}^e = \frac{\dot{E}}{T} + \frac{\dot{W}}{T} \equiv \frac{\dot{Q}}{T}$$

"heat" = energy taken from or dumped into env.

define $\dot{Q} = \dot{E} + \dot{W}$

energy flux from env. \equiv heat flux
 rate of change of sys. energy
 rate at which sys does work on ext. degrees

energy conservation relation

\Rightarrow "1st law of thermodynamics"

from before: when no coupling to ext. deg.

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{E}$$

in general :

Micro.
rev.
relationship

$$\frac{W_{nm}(+)}{W_{mn}(+)} = e^{-\beta \underbrace{(E_n - E_m + V_{nm})}_{\equiv Q_{nm}}}$$

$\equiv Q_{nm}$ = heat exch. in
energy that env. $m \rightarrow$ trans.
needs to provide
to facilitate $m \rightarrow n$
trans.

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} J_{nm} Q_{nm}$$

$$= \dot{\bar{E}} + \dot{\bar{W}}$$

where

$$\dot{\bar{E}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} J_{nm} (E_n - E_m)$$

$$\dot{\bar{W}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} J_{nm} V_{nm}$$